THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 308

Session of 2017

INTRODUCED BY D. COSTA, DAVIS, SCHLOSSBERG, DRISCOLL, DONATUCCI, LONGIETTI, W. KELLER, MATZIE, O'BRIEN, MURT, MILLARD, GOODMAN, V. BROWN, A. HARRIS, RADER, KAVULICH, MULLERY, MCNEILL, WATSON, DeLUCA, READSHAW, FREEMAN, KORTZ, DEASY, BIZZARRO AND NEILSON, FEBRUARY 3, 2017

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, FEBRUARY 3, 2017

AN ACT

- Amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania 1 2 Consolidated Statutes, in riot, disorderly conduct and related offenses, further providing for the offense of 3 cruelty to animals. 4 5 This act shall be referred to as Angel's Law. 6 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows: Section 1. Section 5511(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (e.1), (f), 8 (q), (h), (k), (m.1) and (n) of Title 18 of the Pennsylvania 10 Consolidated Statutes are amended to read: § 5511. Cruelty to animals. 11 12 (a) Killing, maiming or poisoning domestic animals or zoo 13 animals, etc. --
- 14 (1) A person commits [a misdemeanor of the second degree] an offense if he willfully and maliciously:
- 16 (i) Kills, maims or disfigures any domestic animal
- of another person or any domestic fowl of another person.

1 (ii) Administers poison to or exposes any poisonous substance with the intent to administer such poison to 2 3 any domestic animal of another person or domestic fowl of another person. 4 5 Harasses, annoys, injures, attempts to injure, molests or interferes with a dog guide for an individual 6 7 who is blind, a hearing dog for an individual who is deaf 8 or audibly impaired or a service dog for an individual 9 who is physically limited. 10 Any person convicted of violating the provisions of this 11 paragraph shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than 12 \$500. 13 (1.1) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii), a 14 person convicted of violating paragraph (1) commits a misdemeanor of the first degree. 15 (ii) A person convicted for a second or subsequent 16 17 time of violating paragraph (1)(i) commits a felony of 18 the third degree. 19 (2) A person commits a felony of the third degree if he 20 willfully and maliciously: 21 Kills, maims or disfigures any zoo animal in 22 captivity. 23 (ii) Administers poison to or exposes any poisonous 24 substance with the intent to administer such poison to 25 any zoo animal in captivity. 26 (2.1) (i) A person commits a misdemeanor of the first 27 degree if he willfully and maliciously: 28 (A) Kills, maims, mutilates, tortures or 29 disfigures any dog or cat, whether belonging to 30 himself or otherwise. If a person kills, maims,

mutilates, tortures or disfigures a dog guide for an individual who is blind, a hearing dog for an individual who is deaf or audibly impaired or a service dog for an individual who is physically limited, whether belonging to the individual or otherwise, that person, in addition to any other applicable penalty, shall be required to make reparations for veterinary costs in treating the dog and, if necessary, the cost of obtaining and training a replacement dog.

- (B) Administers poison to or exposes any poisonous substance with the intent to administer such poison to any dog or cat, whether belonging to himself or otherwise.
- (ii) [Any] (A) Except as otherwise provided in clause (B), any person convicted of violating the provisions of this paragraph shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than two years, or both. The court may also order a presentence mental evaluation.

(B) A second or subsequent conviction under this

- paragraph shall be a felony of the third degree.

 [This paragraph shall apply to dogs and cats only.]

 (iii) The killing of a dog or cat by the owner of that animal is not malicious if it is accomplished in accordance with the act of December 22, 1983 (P.L.303, No.83), referred to as the Animal Destruction Method Authorization Law.
- (3) This subsection shall not apply to:
- (i) the killing of any animal taken or found in the

- 1 act of actually destroying any domestic animal or 2 domestic fowl;
- (ii) the killing of any animal or fowl pursuant to
 the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1225, No.316), known as The
 Game Law, or 34 Pa.C.S. §§ 2384 (relating to declaring
 dogs public nuisances) and 2385 (relating to destruction
 of dogs declared public nuisances), or the regulations
 promulgated thereunder; or
- 9 (iii) such reasonable activity as may be undertaken
 10 in connection with vermin control or pest control.
- 11 * * *
- 12 (b) Regulating certain actions concerning fowl or rabbits.--
- 13 A person commits a [summary offense] misdemeanor of the third
- 14 <u>degree</u> if he sells, offers for sale, barters, or gives away baby
- 15 chickens, ducklings, or other fowl, under one month of age, or
- 16 rabbits under two months of age, as pets, toys, premiums or
- 17 novelties or if he colors, dyes, stains or otherwise changes the
- 18 natural color of baby chickens, ducklings or other fowl, or
- 19 rabbits or if he brings or transports the same into this
- 20 Commonwealth. This section shall not be construed to prohibit
- 21 the sale or display of such baby chickens, ducklings, or other
- 22 fowl, or such rabbits, in proper facilities by persons engaged
- 23 in the business of selling them for purposes of commercial
- 24 breeding and raising.
- 25 (c) Cruelty to animals.--
- 26 (1) A person commits an offense if he wantonly or
 27 cruelly illtreats, overloads, beats, otherwise abuses any
 28 animal, or neglects any animal as to which he has a duty of
 29 care, whether belonging to himself or otherwise, or abandons
- 30 any animal, or deprives any animal of necessary sustenance,

- drink, shelter or veterinary care, or access to clean and
- 2 sanitary shelter which will protect the animal against
- 3 inclement weather and preserve the animal's body heat and
- 4 keep it dry.

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- 5 (2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii), a
 6 person convicted of violating paragraph (1) commits a
 7 [summary offense] misdemeanor of the third degree.
 - (ii) A person convicted for a second or subsequent time of violating paragraph (1) commits a misdemeanor of the [third] second degree if all of the following occurred:
 - (A) The action or omission for which the person was convicted for a subsequent time was performed on a dog or cat.
 - (B) The dog or cat was seriously injured, suffered severe physical distress or was placed at imminent risk of serious physical harm as the result of the person's action or omission.
 - (iii) Nothing in this section shall prevent a humane society police officer as defined in section 102 of the act of December 7, 1982 (P.L.784, No.225), known as the Dog Law, from charging a person who violates this subsection for the first time.
- 24 (3) This subsection shall not apply to activity undertaken in normal agricultural operation.
- 26 (d) Selling or using disabled horse.--A person commits a
- 27 [summary offense] <u>misdemeanor of the third degree</u> if he offers
- 28 for sale or sells any horse, which by reason of debility,
- 29 disease or lameness, or for other cause, could not be worked or
- 30 used without violating the laws against cruelty to animals, or

- 1 leads, rides, drives or transports any such horse for any
- 2 purpose, except that of conveying the horse to the nearest
- 3 available appropriate facility for its humane keeping or
- 4 destruction or for medical or surgical treatment.
- 5 (e) Transporting animals in cruel manner.--
- 6 (1) A person commits a [summary offense] misdemeanor of

 7 the third degree if he carries, or causes, or allows to be
- 8 carried in or upon any cart, or other vehicle whatsoever, any
- 9 animal in a cruel or inhumane manner.
- 10 <u>(2)</u> The person taking him into custody may take charge
- of the animal and of any such vehicle and its contents, and
- deposit the same in some safe place of custody, and any
- 13 necessary expenses which may be incurred for taking charge of
- and keeping the same, and sustaining any such animal, shall
- be a lien thereon, to be paid before the same can lawfully be
- recovered, or the said expenses or any part thereof remaining
- 17 unpaid may be recovered by the person incurring the same from
- 18 the owner of said creature in any action therefor.
- 19 <u>(3)</u> For the purposes of this section, it shall not be
- deemed cruel or inhumane to transport live poultry in crates
- 21 so long as not more than 15 pounds of live poultry are
- 22 allocated to each cubic foot of space in the crate.
- 23 (e.1) Transporting equine animals in cruel manner.--
- 24 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person
- commits a [summary offense] misdemeanor of the third degree
- for each equine animal if the person carries, or causes or
- 27 allows to be carried, any equine animal in or upon any
- 28 conveyance or other vehicle whatsoever with two or more
- levels stacked on top of one another.
- 30 (2) A person who violates this subsection on a second or

- subsequent occasion commits a misdemeanor of the [third]
- 2 <u>second</u> degree for each equine animal transported.
- 3 (f) Hours of labor of animals.--
- 4 <u>(1)</u> A person commits a [summary offense] <u>misdemeanor of</u>
- 5 <u>the third degree</u> if he leads, drives, rides or works or
- 6 causes or permits any other person to lead, drive, ride or
- 7 work any horse, mare, mule, ox, or any other animal, whether
- 8 belonging to himself or in his possession or control, for
- 9 more than 15 hours in any 24 hour period, or more than 90
- 10 hours in any one week.
- 11 (2) Nothing in this subsection [contained] shall be
- 12 construed to warrant any persons leading, driving, riding or
- walking any animal a less period than 15 hours, when so doing
- shall in any way violate the laws against cruelty to animals.
- 15 (g) Cruelty to cow to enhance appearance of udder.--A person
- 16 commits a [summary offense] <u>misdemeanor of the third degree</u> if
- 17 he kneads or beats or pads the udder of any cow, or willfully
- 18 allows it to go unmilked for a period of 24 hours or more, for
- 19 the purpose of enhancing the appearance or size of the udder of
- 20 said cow, or by a muzzle or any other device prevents its calf,
- 21 if less than six weeks old, from obtaining nourishment, and
- 22 thereby relieving the udder of said cow, for a period of 24
- 23 hours.
- 24 (h) Specific violations; prima facie evidence of
- 25 violation.--
- 26 (1) (i) A person commits a [summary offense]
- 27 <u>misdemeanor of the third degree</u> if the person crops,
- trims or cuts off, or causes or procures to be cropped,
- trimmed or cut off, the whole or part of the ear or ears
- of a dog.

(ii) The provisions of this paragraph shall not
prevent a veterinarian from cropping, trimming or cutting
off the whole or part of the ear or ears of a dog when
the dog is anesthetized and shall not prevent any person
from causing or procuring the cropping, trimming or

cutting off of a dog's ear or ears by a veterinarian.

- (iii) The possession by any person of a dog with an ear or ears cropped, trimmed or cut off and with the wound or incision site resulting therefrom unhealed, or any such dog being found in the charge or custody of any person or confined upon the premises owned by or under the control of any person, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this subsection by the person except as provided for in this subsection.
- (iv) A person who procures the cropping, trimming or cutting off of the whole or part of an ear or ears of a dog shall record the procedure. The record shall include the name of the attending veterinarian and the date and location at which the procedure was performed. The record shall be kept as long as the wound or incision site is unhealed and shall be transferred with the dog during that period of time.
- (2) (i) A person commits a [summary offense]

 misdemeanor of the third degree if the person debarks a

 dog by cutting, causing or procuring the cutting of its

 vocal cords or by altering, causing or procuring the

 alteration of any part of its resonance chamber.
- (ii) The provisions of this paragraph shall not prevent a veterinarian from cutting the vocal cords or otherwise altering the resonance chamber of a dog when

the dog is anesthetized and shall not prevent a person from causing or procuring a debarking procedure by a veterinarian.

- (iii) The possession by any person of a dog with the vocal cords cut or the resonance chamber otherwise altered and with the wound or incision site resulting therefrom unhealed, or any such dog being found in the charge or custody of any person or confined upon the premises owned by or under the control of any person, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this paragraph by the person, except as provided in this paragraph.
- (iv) A person who procures the cutting of vocal cords or the alteration of the resonance chamber of a dog shall record the procedure. The record shall include the name of the attending veterinarian and the date and location at which the procedure was performed. The record shall be kept as long as the wound or incision site is unhealed and shall be transferred with the dog during that period of time.
- (3) (i) A person commits a [summary offense]

 misdemeanor of the third degree if the person docks, cuts

 off, causes or procures the docking or cutting off of the

 tail of a dog over five days old.
- (ii) The provisions of this paragraph shall not prevent a veterinarian from docking, cutting off or cropping the whole or part of the tail of a dog when the dog is at least 12 weeks of age and the procedure is performed using general anesthesia and shall not prevent a person from causing or procuring the cutting off or

docking of a tail of a dog by a veterinarian as provided in this paragraph.

- (iii) The provisions of this section shall not prevent a veterinarian from surgically removing, docking, cutting off or cropping the tail of a dog between five days and 12 weeks of age if, in the veterinarian's professional judgment, the procedure is medically necessary for the health and welfare of the dog. If the procedure is performed, it shall be done in accordance with generally accepted standards of veterinary practice.
- (iv) The possession by any person of a dog with a tail cut off or docked and with the wound or incision site resulting therefrom unhealed, or any such dog being found in the charge or custody of any person or confined upon the premises owned by or under the control of any person, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this paragraph by the person, except as provided in this paragraph.
- (v) A person who procures the cutting off or docking of a tail of a dog shall record the procedure. The record shall include the name of the attending veterinarian and the date and location at which the procedure was performed. The record shall be kept as long as the wound or incision site is unhealed and shall be transferred with the dog during that period of time.
- (4) (i) A person commits a [summary offense]

 <u>misdemeanor of the third degree</u> if the person surgically births or causes or procures a surgical birth.
- (ii) The provisions of this section shall not prevent a veterinarian from surgically birthing a dog

when the dog is anesthetized and shall not prevent any person from causing or procuring a surgical birthing by a veterinarian.

- (iii) The possession by any person of a dog with a wound or incision site resulting from a surgical birth unhealed, or any such dog being found in the charge or custody of any person or confined upon the premises owned by or under the control of any person, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this paragraph by the person, except as provided in this paragraph.
- (iv) A person who procures the surgical birth of a dog shall record the procedure. The record shall include the name of the attending veterinarian and the date and location at which the procedure was performed. The record shall be kept as long as the wound or incision site is unhealed and shall be transferred with the dog during that period of time.
- (v) This paragraph shall not apply to personnel required to comply with standards to minimize pain to an animal set forth in section 2143(a)(3) of the Animal Welfare Act (Public Law 89-544, 7 U.S.C. § 2131 et seq.), trained in accordance with section 2143(d) of the Animal Welfare Act, who work in a federally registered research facility required to comply with the Animal Welfare Act under the guidance or oversight of a veterinarian.
- (5) (i) A person commits a [summary offense]

 misdemeanor of the third degree if the person cuts off or causes or procures the cutting off of the dewclaw of a dog over five days old.
 - (ii) The provisions of this paragraph shall not

prevent a veterinarian from cutting the dewclaw and shall not prevent a person from causing or procuring the procedure by a veterinarian.

- (iii) The possession by any person of a dog with the dewclaw cut off and with the wound or incision site resulting therefrom unhealed, or any such dog being found in the charge or custody of any person or confined upon the premises owned by or under the control of any person, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this paragraph by the person, except as provided in this paragraph.
- (iv) A person who procures the cutting off of the dewclaw of a dog shall record the procedure. The record shall include the name of the attending veterinarian and the date and location at which the procedure was performed. The record shall be kept as long as the wound or incision site is unhealed and shall be transferred with the dog during that period of time.

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20 (k) Killing homing pigeons.—A person commits a [summary offense] misdemeanor of the third degree if he shoots, maims or 22 kills any antwerp or homing pigeon, either while on flight or at 23 rest, or detains or entraps any such pigeon which carries the 24 name of its owner.

25 * * *

26 (m.1) Fine for [summary offense] misdemeanor of the third
27 degree.--In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a
28 person convicted of a [summary offense] misdemeanor of the third
29 degree under this section shall pay a fine of not less than \$50
30 nor more than \$750 or to imprisonment for not more than 90 days,

- 1 or both.
- 2 * * *
- 3 (n) Skinning of and selling or buying pelts of dogs and
- 4 cats.--A person commits a [summary offense] <u>misdemeanor of the</u>
- 5 <u>third degree</u> if he skins a dog or cat or offers for sale or
- 6 exchange or offers to buy or exchange the pelt or pelts of any
- 7 dog or cat.
- 8 * * *
- 9 Section 2. This act shall take effect in 60 days.