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THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 419

Session of 2021

INTRODUCED BY SCAVELLO, BROWNE, MENSCH, BARTOLOTTA, COLLETT, MARTIN, MUTH, STEFANO, AUMENT, TARTAGLIONE, BAKER, KEARNEY, L. WILLIAMS, GORDNER, PITTMAN, YUDICHAK, BREWSTER, HAYWOOD AND SANTARSIERO, MARCH 12, 2021

AS AMENDED ON THIRD CONSIDERATION, JUNE 21, 2021

AN ACT

Amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated 1 2 Statutes, in rules of the road in general, further providing for speed timing devices. 4 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows: 6 Section 1. Section 3368(c), (d), (e) and (f)(2) of Title 75of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes are amended and the section is amended by adding subsections to read: 9 § 3368. Speed timing devices. 10 * * * (c) Mechanical, electrical and electronic devices 11 12 authorized. --13 Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 14 rate of speed of any vehicle may be timed on any highway by a 15 police officer using a mechanical or electrical speed timing device. 16

[Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3),

1 electronic devices such as radio-microwave devices, commonly 2 referred to as electronic speed meters or radar, may be used 3 only as part of an automated speed enforcement system or by 4 members of the Pennsylvania State Police.] Electronic devices such as radio-microwave devices, commonly referred to as 5 electronic speed meters or radar, may be used only BY A 6 <--7 POLICE OFFICER OR as part of an automated speed enforcement 8 system or by any police officer. <--

(3) Electronic devices which calculate speed by measuring elapsed time between measured road surface points by using two sensors and devices which measure and calculate the average speed of a vehicle between any two points may be used by any police officer.

(4) [No person may be convicted upon evidence obtained <-through the use of devices authorized by paragraphs (2) and (3) unless the speed recorded is six or more miles per hour in excess of the legal speed limit. Furthermore, no person may be convicted upon evidence obtained through the use of devices authorized by paragraph (3) in an area where the legal speed limit is less than 55 miles per hour if the speed recorded is less than ten miles per hour in excess of the legal speed limit. This paragraph shall not apply to evidence obtained through the use of devices authorized by paragraph (2) or (3) within a school zone or an active work zone.] A person may not be convicted upon evidence obtained through the use of devices authorized by paragraphs (1), (2), (3) and (5) unless the speed recorded is more than 10 miles per hour in excess of the legal speed limit on a highway or six or more miles per hour in excess of the legal speed limit on an interstate highway or freeway with a posted speed limit of 70

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1	miles per hour. This paragraph shall not apply to evidence
2	obtained through the use of devices authorized by paragraphs
3	(1), (2), (3) or (5) within a school zone or an active work
4	zone.
5	(5) Light detection and ranging devices, commonly
6	referred to as LIDAR, may be used only as part of an-
7	automated speed enforcement system or by [members of the
8	Pennsylvania State Police any police officer.
9	[(4) NO PERSON MAY BE CONVICTED UPON EVIDENCE OBTAINED
10	THROUGH THE USE OF DEVICES AUTHORIZED BY PARAGRAPHS (2) AND
11	(3) UNLESS THE SPEED RECORDED IS SIX OR MORE MILES PER HOUR
12	IN EXCESS OF THE LEGAL SPEED LIMIT. FURTHERMORE, NO PERSON
13	MAY BE CONVICTED UPON EVIDENCE OBTAINED THROUGH THE USE OF
14	DEVICES AUTHORIZED BY PARAGRAPH (3) IN AN AREA WHERE THE
15	LEGAL SPEED LIMIT IS LESS THAN 55 MILES PER HOUR IF THE SPEED
16	RECORDED IS LESS THAN TEN MILES PER HOUR IN EXCESS OF THE
17	LEGAL SPEED LIMIT. THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO EVIDENCE
18	OBTAINED THROUGH THE USE OF DEVICES AUTHORIZED BY PARAGRAPH
19	(2) OR (3) WITHIN A SCHOOL ZONE OR AN ACTIVE WORK ZONE.
20	(5) LIGHT DETECTION AND RANGING DEVICES, COMMONLY
21	REFERRED TO AS LIDAR, MAY BE USED ONLY AS PART OF AN
22	AUTOMATED SPEED ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM OR BY MEMBERS OF THE
23	PENNSYLVANIA STATE POLICE.]
24	(4) LIGHT DETECTION AND RANGING DEVICES, COMMONLY
25	REFERRED TO AS LIDAR, MAY BE USED ONLY AS PART OF AN
26	AUTOMATED SPEED ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM OR BY A POLICE OFFICER.
27	(5) A PERSON MAY NOT BE CONVICTED UPON EVIDENCE OBTAINED
28	THROUGH THE USE OF DEVICES AUTHORIZED BY PARAGRAPHS (1), (2),
29	(3) AND (4) UNLESS THE SPEED RECORDED IS MORE THAN 10 MILES
30	PER HOUR IN EXCESS OF THE LEGAL SPEED LIMIT ON A HIGHWAY OR

1	SIX OR MORE MILES PER HOUR IN EXCESS OF THE LEGAL SPEED LIMIT
2	ON AN INTERSTATE HIGHWAY OR FREEWAY WITH A POSTED SPEED LIMIT
3	OF 70 MILES PER HOUR. THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO
4	EVIDENCE OBTAINED THROUGH THE USE OF DEVICES AUTHORIZED BY
5	PARAGRAPH (1), (2), (3) OR (4) WITHIN A SCHOOL ZONE OR AN
6	ACTIVE WORK ZONE.
7	(6) Except for a member of the Pennsylvania State
8	Police, prior to use of an electronic speed meter, radar or
9	light detection and ranging devices:
10	(i) a police officer must complete a training course
11	approved by the Pennsylvania State Police and the
12	Municipal Police Officers' Education and Training
13	Commission; and
14	(ii) in accordance with department regulations,
15	official traffic-control devices, including advanced
16	warning signs indicating the use of electronic speed
17	meters, radar or light detection and ranging devices,
18	must be erected within 500 feet of the border of the
19	political subdivision on the main arteries entering the
20	political subdivision.
21	(7) A police officer of the Delaware River Port
22	Authority or the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission
23	may, on a highway under the jurisdiction of the Delaware
24	River Port Authority or the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge
25	Commission, use an electronic speed meter, radar or a light
26	detection and ranging device upon completion of a training
27	course approved by the Pennsylvania State Police and the
28	Municipal Police Officers' Education and Training Commission.
29	(d) Classification, approval and testing of mechanical,
30	electrical and electronic devices The department may, by

- 1 regulation, classify specific devices as being mechanical,
- 2 electrical or electronic. All mechanical, electrical or
- 3 electronic devices shall be of a type approved by the
- 4 department, which shall appoint stations for calibrating and
- 5 testing the devices and may prescribe regulations as to the
- 6 manner in which calibrations and tests shall be made. The
- 7 certification and calibration of electronic devices under
- 8 subsection (c)(3) shall also include the certification and
- 9 calibration of all equipment, timing strips and other devices
- 10 which are actually used with the particular electronic device
- 11 being certified and calibrated. Electronic devices commonly
- 12 referred to as electronic speed meters or radar shall have been
- 13 tested for accuracy within a period of one year prior to the
- 14 alleged violation. Other devices shall have been tested for
- 15 accuracy within a period of 60 days prior to the alleged
- 16 violation. A certificate from the station showing that the
- 17 calibration and test were made within the required period and
- 18 that the device was accurate shall be competent and prima facie
- 19 evidence of those facts in every proceeding in which a violation
- 20 of this title is charged. A device under subsection (c) (6) must
- 21 be calibrated and tested every 365 days at a minimum before
- 22 being used.
- 23 (e) Distance requirements for use of mechanical, electrical
- 24 and electronic devices. -- Mechanical, electrical or electronic
- 25 devices or light detection and ranging devices may not be used
- 26 to time the rate of speed of vehicles within 500 feet after a
- 27 speed limit sign indicating a decrease of speed. This limitation
- 28 on the use of speed timing devices shall not apply to speed
- 29 limit signs indicating school zones, bridge and elevated
- 30 structure speed limits, hazardous grade speed limits and work

- 1 zone speed limits.
- 2 (f) LIDAR testing and calibration. --
- 3 * * *
- 4 (2) LIDAR speed measuring devices and LIDAR systems
- 5 shall be calibrated and tested every 365 days at a minimum
- 6 before being utilized by [the Pennsylvania State Police] <u>any</u> <--
- 7 <u>A police officer</u> or as part of an automated speed enforcement <--
- 8 system.
- 9 * * *
- 10 (g) Local ordinance required to enforce. --
- 11 (1) Prior to the use of a device under subsection (c)
- 12 <u>(6), the political subdivision or each political subdivision</u>
- of a regional police department must adopt an ordinance
- authorizing the local or regional police department to employ
- the device on highways within the boundaries of each
- 16 <u>political subdivision.</u>
- 17 (2) During the initial 90 days of speed enforcement by a
- 18 local or regional police department of a political
- 19 subdivision, an individual may only be sanctioned for
- violations with a written warning.
- 21 (3) A device under subsection (c) (6) may not be used to
- time the rate of speed of vehicles within 500 feet after a
- 23 speed limit sign indicating a decrease of speed. This
- limitation on the use of a device shall not apply to a speed
- limit sign indicating a school zone, bridge and elevated
- 26 structure speed limit, hazardous grade speed limit and work
- 27 <u>zone speed limit.</u>
- 28 (h) Excess revenue.--
- 29 (1) The primary use of a device under this section shall
- 30 be for traffic safety purposes.

1	(2) If a political subdivision's share of revenue
2	generated from speed enforcement citations by a device under
3	this section exceeds 10% of the total political subdivision's
4	budget, the excess sum shall be remitted to the Department of
5	Revenue TREASURY DEPARTMENT on a form and in a manner <
6	prescribed by the Department of Revenue TREASURY DEPARTMENT <
7	on or before the 60th day following the end of the political
8	subdivision's fiscal year for deposit into the Highway Safety
9	Cadet Training Restricted Receipts Fund ACCOUNT, which is <
10	established in the General Fund for the purpose of
11	recruiting, training or equipping Pennsylvania State Police
12	Cadets.
13	Section 2. This act shall take effect in 180 days.